

Subject: “NUCLEUS:13” Security Vulnerability

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Background

Security researchers at Forescout Research Labs have discovered new vulnerabilities in the Nucleus TCP/IP network stack ([link](#)). The Nucleus network stack is part of the Nucleus real-time operating systems (RTOS) commonly used in medical, industrial and automotive systems. These 13 new vulnerabilities are collectively known as NUCLEUS:13.

What NUCLEUS:13 does

The potential impact of the 13 vulnerabilities identified in NUCLEUS:13 can pose significant risk to devices utilizing the vulnerable TCP/IP network stack. These risks include remote code execution (RCE), information leakage, and denial of service (DoS). The risk scenarios include:

- Buffer overflows in the FTP server due to not validating the length checking in the “USER” command. This can lead to remote code execution.
- A non-null terminated hostname can cause a denial of service and/or read and write out of bounds locations due to the DHCP client lacking input validation.
- Stack-based buffer overflows due to the FTP server not validating the length of the “PWD/XPWD” and “MKD/XMKD” commands. This can cause denial of service and/or remote code execution.
- Information leakage and denial of service conditions due to unchecked lengths of payloads in IP headers for ICMP, TCP and UDP packets.
- Information leakage due to the TFTP server accepting malformed packets that allow for reading the contents of the TFTP memory buffer.
- Denial of service and information leakage caused by corrupted SACK option in TCP packets.
- Denial of service due to the DHCP client not validating the length of Vendor options when processing a DHCP OFFER and OFFER messages.
- Denial of service due to the DHCP client not validating the length of the DNS IP option when processing DHCP ACK messages.
- Potential privilege escalation due to the inability for the client to recognize fake IP options in ICMP echo packets.

Product Security Bulletin

Important Information - Please Read and Keep



Response

Affected Vyairé Products

Vyairé's products **do not make use** of the Nucleus TCP/IP embedded network stacks or the Nucleus RTOS.

Therefore, **no medical devices** manufactured by Vyairé are directly impacted by these identified vulnerabilities.

How Vyairé Is Responding

Vyairé is monitoring the ongoing situation around the recent disclosures affecting multiple different embedded TCP/IP network stacks.

Vyairé will evaluate information as it becomes available to determine whether any of Vyairé's products are impacted by the disclosed vulnerabilities

Generic controls

- Ensure your data has been backed up and stored according to your individual process and that your disaster recovery procedures are in place.
- Update your anti-virus and malware protection, where available.

For product or site-specific concerns, contact your Vyairé service representative.

For more information on Vyairé's proactive approach to product security and vulnerability management, contact us at productsecurity@vyaire.com or visit www.vyaire.com/product-security.

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